

Edward Byrne Memorial
State and Local Law Enforcement
Assistance Program

Bureau of Justice Assistance

2002 Annual Report

Idaho State Police

Planning, Grants, and Research

CONTENTS

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	2
Byrne Subgrantee Projects Map.....	5
INTRODUCTION	6
Joint Planning Activities.....	6
Joint Funding Activities.....	7
Idaho Drug Strategy Mission.....	7
IDAHO DRUG STRATEGY COMPONENTS.....	8
EVALUATION PLAN	11
Evaluation, Monitoring and Reporting.....	11
Evaluation Flow Chart.....	12
SUMMARY OF PROGRAMS	
Drug Free Workplace	14
School Resource Officer.....	16
Multi-Jurisdictional Task Forces.....	18
Special Issues/LE Training.....	22
Community Policing.....	24
Drug Court.....	26
Juvenile Drug Court.....	28
Gang and Drug Enforcement.....	30
Juvenile Domestic Violence Unit.....	33
Juvenile Detention Reform.....	35
Public Correctional Resources.....	37
Victim and Witness Services.....	40
Crime Analysis.....	41
DUI Prosecution Enhancement.....	43
Innovative Programs.....	45
Information Systems.....	47
Forensic Lab Enhancements.....	49
Evaluation.....	50
Criminal History Records Improvement.....	51
Summary of SAA Reporting, Monitoring and Evaluation Methods.....	53
EVALUATION ACTIVITIES	
Byrne Supported Task Forces - FY 01	
Idaho's Drug and Violent Crime Trends	
Byrne Allocation Funding	
Kootenai County Drug Court Evaluation (supplemental)	

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Executive Summary

The Idaho Drug Policy Advisory Board and the Idaho Criminal Justice Council are the criminal justice representatives who develop Idaho's Anti-Drug Abuse Strategy. The central purpose and mission of the strategy is to develop a working plan to reduce illicit drug use and its consequences.

The strategy sets the stage for a long-term planning commitment extending to the year 2003 to organize the resources needed for effective drug programs. As a comprehensive approach to addressing the needs of Idaho, the strategy is described under the following categories: Corrections and Treatment, Law Enforcement, Prevention, Adjudication, and Information Systems and Technological Improvements.

The Idaho Criminal Justice Council selected 44 projects to fund during the July 1, 2001 through June 30, 2002 reporting period. Priority was also placed on programs that cut across disciplines, including components that include several different areas. The following table identifies program areas and funding levels.

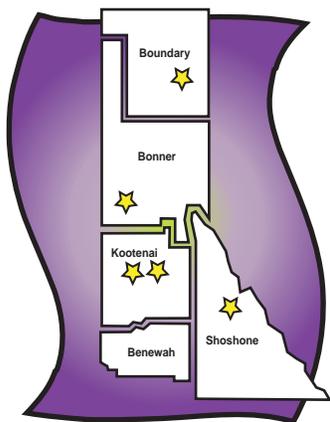
The Edward Byrne Memorial State and Local Law Enforcement Assistance Formula Grant program has provided Idaho with vital seed money to fund state and local drug control projects. Idaho's rural communities would virtually go without specialized drug control measures without the assistance of the formula grant program.

PROGRAM TITLE	NUMBER OF PROJECTS	STATE FUNDING	LOCAL FUNDING
Community Policing	1	\$ 16,699.00	
Crime Analysis	1		\$ 49,860.00
Drug Free Workplace	1		\$ 44,550.00
Drug Court	3		\$ 326,583.00
DUI - Prosecution Enhancement	1		\$ 32,549.00
Evaluations	2	\$ 77,723.87	\$ 12,077.00
Forensics Lab Enhancements	1	\$ 63,307.00	
Gang & Drug Enforcement	4		\$ 151,116.75
Innovative Programs	1	\$ 165,318.00	
Information Systems	2		\$ 94,455.00
Juvenile Detention Reform	1		\$ 129,028.00
Juvenile Drug Court	1		\$ 67,408.00
Juvenile Domestic Violence Unit	1		\$ 129,010.00
Multi-jurisdictional Task Force	10		\$ 501,644.00
Public Correctional Resources	8	\$ 494,608.99	\$ 59,703.00
School Resource Officer	3		\$ 75,133.00
Special Issues/LE Training	1	\$ 95,500.00	
Criminal History Records	1	\$ 75,629.26	\$ 83,289.14
Victim & Witness Services	1		\$ 37,223.00

An attempt was made to fund projects with the potential to have a considerable impact on the drug problem in Idaho. The success of these programs is in part evidenced by the accomplishments noted below:

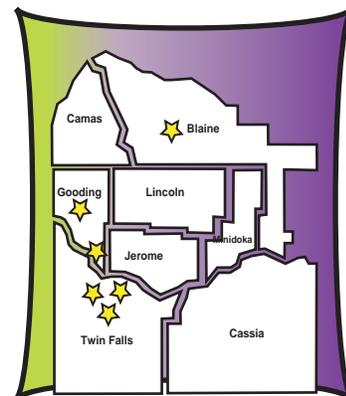
- Multijurisdictional Drug Task Forces removed the following drugs during this reporting period: 11.15 pounds of marijuana; 70 marijuana plants; and 12 pounds of meth.
- Provided POST certified training for criminal justice personnel to include high tech internet crimes courses.
- The Drug Recognition Expert (DRE) certification training was provided to 26 officers from across the state bringing the total to 140. Officers currently serve in county sheriff offices, the Idaho State Police, and local police departments. They have completed thousands of individual drug evaluations since the program's inception.
- Provided a mechanism, on a state level, for local law enforcement agencies to effectively combat complex criminal cases by providing an experienced prosecution team to handle racketeering, gambling, prostitution, public corruption schemes, and medical care provider fraud cases.
- Provided a drug court in a local community that was able to offer services to 329 over the last three years participants entering the program with 110 graduating to date. Currently, the recidivism rate is around 10%.
- Effectively assess, intervene in, and provide appropriate services to 42 youths who are juvenile offenders, but have also been victims of domestic violence. Intervention plans have been developed which provide specific, measurable goals and objectives for treatment. Increased Foster care services have been made available for this population.
- In Southeast Idaho, the Chubbuck Police Department's Gang Intervention project officers were able to provide activities for high risk youth. A summer program was offered to 43 at-risk-youth to help build team work skills, a sense of achievement, confidence and accomplishment.
- The Weiser Police Department has had an enormous impact on the community. The project has been able to make 11 arrests, seize methamphetamine and marijuana, and shut down a clan lab. The project has also been able to make presentations to the local community regarding drug awareness. However, the most outstanding portion of the project is the after-school program. They have developed a community wide effort to offer free after school and summer time programs for local children. Currently they have nearly 60 children a day during the summer months. Through community involvement they have been able to offer free activities, lunches and snacks, educational programs, and group outings.

- Ada county has established a crime analysis unit which has been able to communicate with patrol teams and detectives on a daily basis through briefings and one-on-one contact and has established a weekly newsletter to keep each team informed about events that occur on other shifts. Special projects completed by the unit include an analysis of the directed versus non-directed patrol time of specialized traffic enforcement patrol deputies and location and times of vehicle burglaries in the county. They have also begun the process of integrated other surrounding agencies' data into their crime mapping software to allow for a better picture of crime trends.
- One project provided a comprehensive drug-alcohol residential program for juveniles who are drug dependent, alcohol dependent, or suffer from multiple addictions. The project has assessed and provided treatment to over 44 juveniles.
- In one local county in Eastern Idaho eight DUI saturation patrols were conducted and 58 arrests for alcohol crimes were made. Over 10 of those arrests were of minors.
- In Nampa Police Department's Gang Violence Reduction project, 100 gang related education courses have been taught to over 2000 students. A total of 98 parents have been contacted by DARE and SRO officers in connection with gang activity. Nine gangs and 311 gang members have been identified.
- A Drug Free Workplace project has implemented 10 Charter Associates, 14 Annual Associates, 20 companies conducting drug testing; and has helped administer over 450 drug tests. The project has also conducted training for supervisors and employees reaching hundreds of people in the Idaho workforce while also advocating a drug free workplace at numerous conferences and appearing on local television.
- A victim/witness project in a rural county in Idaho has developed and implemented a program which will provide assistance to witnesses and victims of crime, improve the response to domestic and family violence, and improve the prosecution of DUI charges. During the reporting period the project had 218 contacts with over 75 victims. The project has also had 19 DUI convictions. They have conducted presentations to children in the local school district reaching 450 kids. They have also conducted training around the county to law enforcement and citizens.
- The Idaho State Police Forensic Laboratory was able to respond to an additional 58 clandestine labs and 70 crime scenes. They trained over 100 officers on the use of the Intoxilyzer 5000 and made new machines available on loan to local agencies. Also, the laboratory has been able to make the required 30 day turn-over-time of evidence 90% of the time.

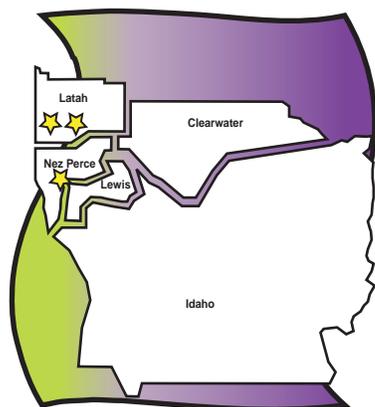


Boundary County Sheriff - Drug Task Force
 Kootenai County Prosecutor - Drug Court
 Post Falls Police Dept - Drug Enforcement Officer
 Bonner County Sheriff - Sundance Task Force
 Shoshone County Sheriff - Joint Task Force

Gooding County Sheriff - SRO
 Hailey Police Dept - SRO
 Twin Falls County Probation - Snake River Youth Cntr;
 Addiction Unit
 Twin Falls County Sheriff - POSSE II
 Twin Falls Juv Probation - Status Offender
 Wendell Police Dept - SRO

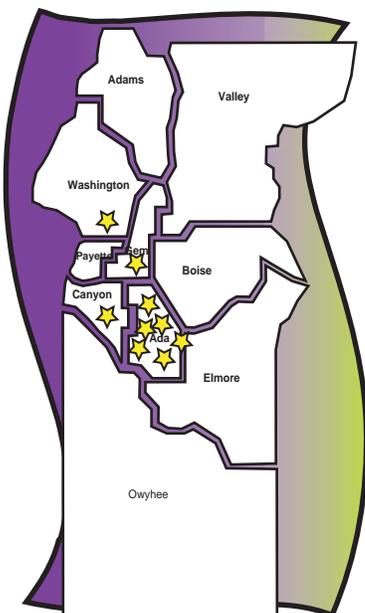
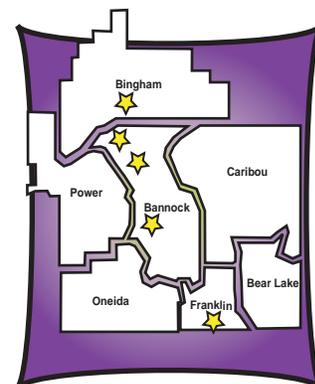


Byrne Subgrantees 2001

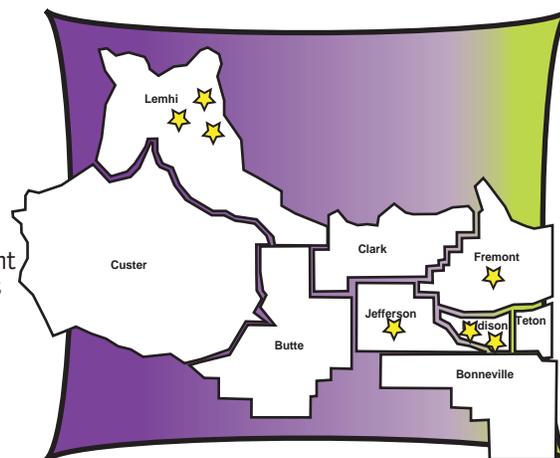


Nez Perce County Sheriff - Investigations Unit
 Latah County Sheriff - Narcotics Enforcement
 Moscow Police Department - Operation Clean Streets

Bannock County - SHARE
 Bingham County Sheriff - DUI Enforcement Officer
 Chubbuck Police Dept - Gang Task Force
 Chubbuck Police Dept - Information Sharing
 Franklin County Sheriff - Drug and Gang Task Force



Ada Co Fourth Judicial Dist - Drug Court
 Ada County Juvenile - Detention Reform
 Ada County Juvenile - Domestic Violence Unit
 Ada County Sheriff - Crime Analysis
 Garden City Police Dept - Bandit Support
 City of Boise - Drug Free Idaho
 Gem County Pros - Victim Witness Assistance
 Nampa Police Dept - Gang Violence Reduction
 Weiser Police Department - Education/Enforcement
 3rd Dist Court - Treatment/Prevention Services



Fremont County Sheriff - Drug Task Force Comm System
 Jefferson County - Adult Drug Court
 Madison County Prosecutor - Drug Task Force
 Madison County 7th District Court - Mis/DUI/Juvenile Drug Court
 Salmon Police Dept - Narcotics Investigation Project
 Lemhi County Probation - Mis/DUI Drug court
 Lemhi County Prosecutor - Victim/Witness Services
 Idaho State University - Public Safety

Statewide

Attorney General - Complex Crime Enhancement
 Dept of Correction - Audit Services
 Dept of Correction - Research Team
 Dept of Correction - RDU Assessment
 Dept of Correction - Substance Abuse Counseling
 Dept of Correction - Treatment Program Manager
 Dept of Correction - District 7 Probation Officer
 Idaho State Police - Criminal History Record Improvement
 Idaho State Police - POST Progressive Training
 Idaho State Police - Intoxilyzer 500 Overtime
 Idaho State Police - Evaluation

Introduction

The Idaho Criminal Justice Community's strategic goal is to enhance the foundation of the criminal justice system to enable optimum enforcement efforts, incarceration and treatment of drug offenders, coupled with needed community education and awareness efforts, all directed toward eradicating drug-related and violent crime.

Planners realized treatment and education, coupled with law enforcement, is a viable approach to achieving a long range solution to the drug problem in Idaho. Increases in juvenile crime over the last several years has moved programming needs to the forefront to be addressed. An attempt was made to fund projects with the potential to have a considerable impact on the drug problem in Idaho. Priority was placed on programs that cut across disciplines, including components that include several different areas. Decision makers in Idaho have begun to realize the necessity of effective police programs that address and involve the total community in the criminal justice process. Many of the programs integrate public education, law enforcement, and treatment and rely on the community for support and constructive input.

Projects were funded at both the state and local level to address the above-mentioned priorities. At the state level, funding was directed at support programs that would enhance local initiatives.

Between July 1, 2001 and June 30, 2002, the state of Idaho funded a total of forty-four projects in fourteen program areas. A summary of the activities carried out under the formula grant program and an assessment of the impact of such activities on meeting the needs identified in the state strategy is outlined in the summary of programs under the formula grant program.

Joint Planning Activities

Efforts are made to assure the coordination of program activities initiated under the enforcement, prevention, and treatment programs of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act. The Idaho Drug Policy Advisory Board provides a forum for this coordination, and includes representatives from all facets of the criminal justice community in Idaho, as well as representatives from the Idaho Department of Education and the Idaho Department of Health and Welfare. The Drug Policy Advisory Board and the Idaho Criminal Justice Council are responsible for identifying statewide priorities for the use of the Edward Byrne Memorial State and Local Grant Program funds.

Joint Funding of Activities

The partnership between the federal, state, and local government levels has been especially productive for Idaho citizens. The Byrne Program, Local Law Enforcement Block Grant Program, Residential Substance Abuse Treatment for state prisons, STOP Violence Against Women Program, and COPS Program have increased the capabilities of local law enforcement agencies to address drug and violent crimes in Idaho. Idaho's Tobacco Tax revenue, is also used to address the issues described in Idaho's Anti-Drug Abuse Strategy.

Idaho Drug Strategy Mission

The mission of the Idaho Drug Strategy is to develop a working plan to reduce illicit drug use and its consequences.

Goals: The Idaho Criminal Justice Community's goals are to reduce and prevent illegal drug activity and violent crime, and to improve the functioning of the criminal justice system. The expected results are optimum enforcement efforts, prosecution, and incarceration of drug offenders. This can be accomplished through federal, state and local efforts.

“Drugs drain our communities of life and deprive our citizens of the opportunities, prosperity, and safety they deserve. Confronting this problem requires a strong comprehensive approach, including enforcement, interdiction, prevention, treatment and international efforts.” Office of National Drug Control Policy

Acknowledging that anti-drug efforts do not occur in isolation and must be long-term in focus, a comprehensive multi-disciplinary effort is the only viable approach to finding long range solutions to the drug problem in Idaho.

Strategic Components

GOALS and OBJECTIVES

LAW ENFORCEMENT :

Optimize law enforcement capability to remove violent and predatory criminals, to arrest, prosecute, to dismantle criminal drug networks.

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

- 1: Increase the number of multijurisdictional drug task forces and the necessary tools to enhance their capability.
- 2: Increase multi-agency coordination, cooperation, and information sharing.
- 3: Increase the effectiveness of local police through the implementation of community and problem-oriented policing with a focus on youth and gang violence, drug related homicides, and domestic violence.

BYRNE PROJECT INITIATIVES

Multijurisdictional Task Forces (10)

Local Law Enforcement Drug Task Forces pool resources to and share information with state and federal agencies to maximize statewide coverage

Gang & Drug Enforcement (4); School Resource Officer (3); Special Issues Law Enforcement Training; and Innovative Projects: Complex Criminal Investigations

DUI Prosecution Enhancement

PREVENTION :

To deter first-time drug use among adolescents and other high-risk populations and to reduce the progression from casual use to addiction.

1: Increase drug and alcohol resistance education programs in all schools.

2: Increase adolescents programs which provide alternatives to violence.

3: Increase accessibility of treatment.

4: Support early identification and appropriate intervention programs for high-risk youth and families.

5: Decrease family violence through prevention, education and treatment.

6: Encourage private sector "no tolerance" policies in the workplace.

School Resource Officer projects (3); and Special Issues/ Law Enforcement Training

Education and Treatment projects: State correctional facilities and local jail inmate projects; Idaho Migrant Council anger control treatment for abusers, assessment and treatment targeting the Hispanic population

Ada County Juvenile Detention Reform, Juvenile Domestic Violence Unit; Gang and Drug Enforcement

Idaho State University; Students on Patrol

Drug Free Idaho - Drug Free Workplace

Strategic Components

GOALS and OBJECTIVES

ADJUDICATION:

To facilitate the improvement of judicial processes and systems which will provide for enhanced accountability to the public and responsiveness to the criminal justice system.

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

- 1: Encourage alternative sentencing programs for nonviolent offenders which incorporate accountability and tracking components.
- 2: Provide training for judges and prosecutors on the use of Drug Courts, legal issues, treatment intervention and domestic violence.
- 3: Increase the number of victim witness coordinators throughout the state.

BYRNE PROJECT INITIATIVES

- Ada County Juvenile Domestic Violence Unit and Juvenile Detention Reform
- Adult and Juvenile Drug Courts; Special Issues/Law Enforcement Training POST; Idaho Migrant Council targeting the Hispanic population; Ada County Drug Court
- Lemhi County Prosecutors, Victim Witness

INFORMATION SYSTEMS and TECHNOLOGICAL IMPROVEMENTS:

To facilitate infrastructure changes and technological advances within the criminal justice system.

- 1: Increase state laboratory capabilities.
- 2: Develop a statewide law enforcement information system database.
- 3: Increase the interoperability of local, state, and federal communication systems.
- 4: Increase efficiency of state wide planning and coordination through the Governor's Substance Abuse Task Force which includes the directors of the following agencies: Idaho State Police, Department of Correction, Department of Juvenile Corrections, Department of Education, Department of Health and Welfare, and the Idaho Transportation Department.

- Bureau of Criminal Identification, Criminal Justice Records Improvement - Five Percent (5%) Set Aside Plan - on file with BJA; Forensic Lab Enhancements
- Idaho Department of Juvenile Corrections, Idaho Juvenile Offender Information System
- Statistical Analysis Center (BJS), Clearinghouse and Evaluation Unit project reports;
- The Governor's Executive Order No. 95-2 : The Criminal Justice Council and The Drug Policy Board for the State and Local Assistance for Narcotics Control Program
- Ada County Crime Analysis Unit; Information Systems Projects

Strategic Components

GOALS and OBJECTIVES

CORRECTIONS and TREATMENT:

To minimize risk to the public while providing services, program opportunities, and a continuum of care in the least restrictive environment to promote the offenders' successful integration into society and /or development of a lifestyle free of violence, alcohol and/or other drugs; and to demonstrate the importance of providing treatment to those who have started using drugs and may need a hand in stopping.

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

- 1: Increase resources to counties to expand juvenile probation services.
- 2: Increase adolescent residential treatment services for Department of Juvenile Corrections.
- 3: Provide adequate secure facilities for juvenile offenders.
- 4: Provide criminal justice clients with a complete drug/alcohol assessment and treatment plan.
- 5: Continue to support expansion of drug education and treatment.
- 6: Continue to support urinalysis testing.

BYRNE PROJECT INITIATIVES

- Ada County Juvenile Detention Reform, Juvenile Domestic Violence Unit
- Twin Falls County Probation, Snake River Youth Center Addiction Unit
- State Corrections: Reception and Diagnostic and Substance Abuse Counselors and Specialists
- Idaho Department of Correction projects - inmates and probation/parole; Ada County Sheriff's Office, Early Intervention
- Drug Court Programs

Evaluation Plan

In accordance with the National Institute of Justice (NIJ), in consultation with the Bureau of Justice Assistance (BJA), and with reference to established guidelines for evaluation of programs, Idaho administers and implements program and impact evaluation efforts through the state evaluation unit as well as requiring subgrantees to include an evaluation component in each project. A report of evaluation efforts and findings are required quarterly.

The Evaluation Unit will:

- Require applicant agencies to track and maintain certain program information in order to provide some indication of program performance. This information will not only provide an indication of program progress and performance, but will also serve as a point of reference from which measurement may be made for continued program implementation and which will allow for comparison with similar program efforts in other jurisdictions. This will be accomplished by providing technical assistance from the inception of the project through implementation.
- Ultimately utilize the goals, objectives, activities, and performance indicators identified in the projects. Evaluations will be designed to provide administrators and policy makers with an improved understanding of the success of the project, the activities of the accomplishing agency and state goals. This ensures the program will function efficiently and effectively. It is also an invaluable aid in planning, developing, and managing programs.
- Identify projects with innovative activities and those providing services of special interest for a comprehensive on-site evaluation.
- Provide projects with technical assistance and training for self-evaluation.

Evaluation, Monitoring and Reporting

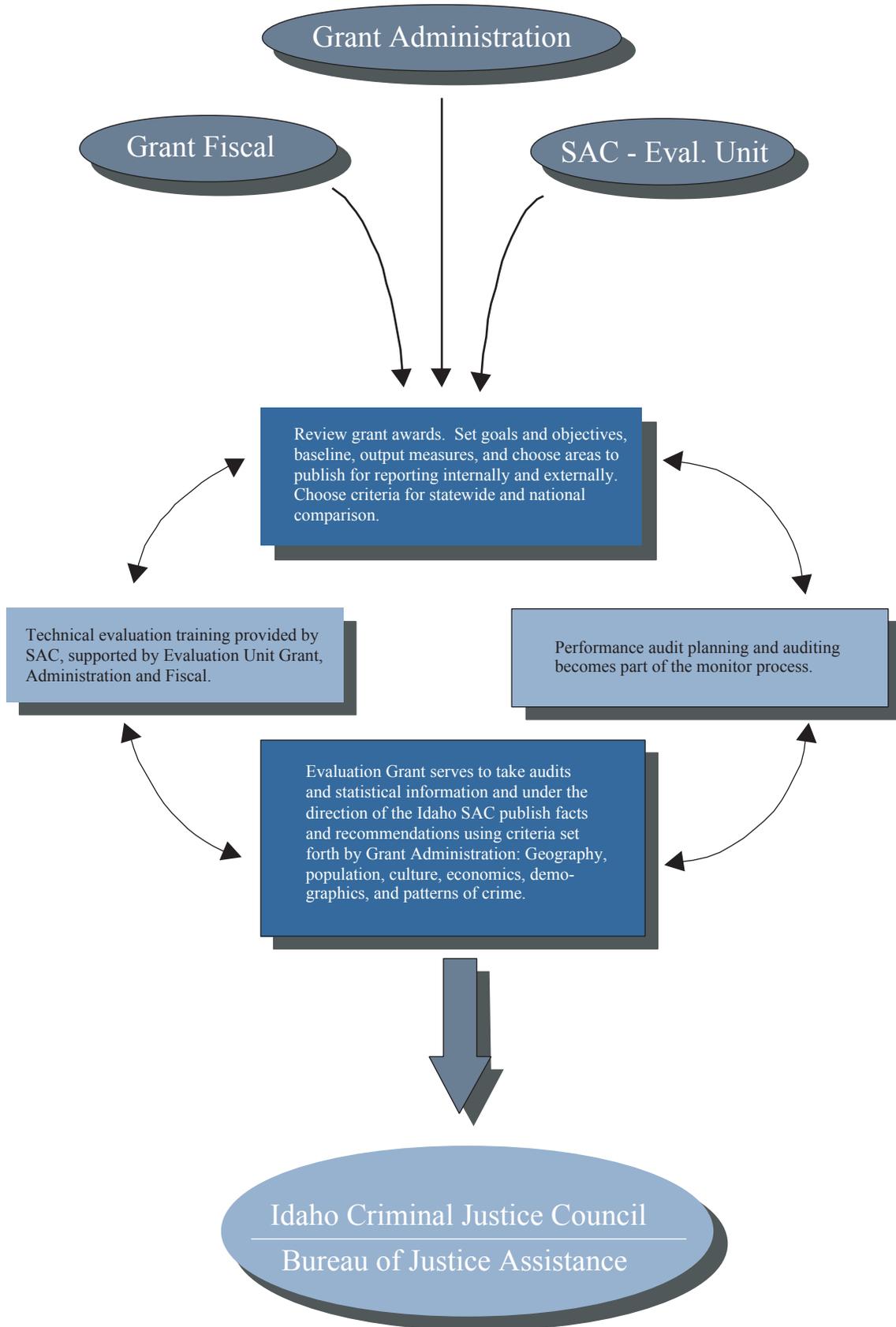
The Evaluation Unit will publish facts and recommendations. The Evaluation Unit keeps records of evaluation activities conducted by the unit, as well as other evaluations conducted by state or local agencies or individuals concerning grant funded projects. Copies of all completed or interim evaluation reports are sent to the Bureau of Justice Assistance. Evaluation findings and documentation are provided to state and local officials to assist them in developing and modifying the state strategy.

The programmatic and fiscal staff of the administering agency conduct regular site visits to monitor the progress of the projects. The projects are required to submit quarterly reports on both the fiscal and program areas. This activity is tracked and projects are held accountable. Site visits are also conducted by Evaluation Unit staff to assist in monitoring/evaluating projects. Intensive evaluation of programs or projects of particular importance and relevance to the state strategy are currently underway. The findings of all evaluation efforts will continue to be integrated into the strategy development process.

The flow chart on the following page illustrates the Byrne grant evaluation and monitoring process.

Byrne Grant Evaluations and Monitoring Flow Chart

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Summary of Programs, Performance Measures, Evaluation Methods, and Evaluation Results

Drug-Free Workplace

Program Overview Information

One project, Drug-Free Workplace, Drug-Free Idaho, is located in the city of Boise, Idaho.

Total Byrne Funding \$44,550

Goals and Objectives of the Program

The goal of this project is to aid Idaho business and industry in creating a competitive, committed, and clean workforce as measured by the percentage of drug-free workplaces.

Objectives for the program include:

- Develop a single package drug-free workplace program for small and medium sized businesses at an affordable price.
- Develop and implement a drug-free workplace certification process.
- Provide drug-free workplace assistance and educational resources.
- Facilitate a business network of drug-free workplaces.

Program Activities/Components

To provide support and expertise needed to implement drug-free workplaces in Idaho businesses statewide. The project's primary focus is to provide small and medium sized business access to a central depository for all elements of a drug free workplace program including:

- Written Policy
- Drug and Alcohol Abuse Prevention Training
- Drug Testing/Medical Review Officer
- Employee Assistance Program
- Continuing Education
- Legal Support
- Lottery Testing

Performance Measures and Evaluation Methods

- Documented internal operational procedures
- Number of Drug Free Business certifications
- Percent of illegal findings found with drug-testing lab
- Number of training/education programs used by businesses
- Drug free workplace criteria approved by State Insurance Fund
- Survey feedback from businesses regarding training/education, consulting, and legal services

During implementation of the program described, participating agencies are required to track and maintain the identified indicators in order to provide documentation of program performance. Each funded project will have specific indicators unique to its project. While basic in nature, this information will not only provide an indication of program progress and performance, but will serve as a benchmark for continued program implementation and will allow for comparison with similar program efforts in other jurisdictions.

All projects are required to submit quarterly progress evaluation and financial reports, and an annual project report. The data collected for reporting, documentation, and monitoring may also be used for process and impact evaluation purposes. The statistical and anecdotal data will be compiled and analyzed across projects for use as the basis for modifying, strengthening and replicating projects.

The programmatic, fiscal and evaluation staff of Idaho's State Police Planning, Grants, and Research section conduct regular site visits to monitor the progress of the Byrne formula subgrant projects. The staff looks very closely at project goals, objectives and activities to verify and document the success of subgranted projects.

Program Accomplishments and Evaluation Results

This project started operation in January of 2000. During that time, they have established a director, executive committee, and executive chairperson. A policy has been developed in conjunction with the Idaho Department of Labor and supports the objectives of the "Idaho Private Employer Alcohol and Drug-Free Workplace Act" Idaho Code Section 72-1701. A relationship has been established with the Employee Assistance Program of Idaho and education training has been given to Boise City officials. Most impressively however, over the past reporting period the project has 10 Charter Associates, 14 Annual Associates, 20 companies conducting drug testing; and has helped administer over 450 drug tests. The project has also conducted training for supervisors and employees reaching hundreds of people in the Idaho workforce while also advocating a drug free workplace at numerous conferences and appearing on local television.

School Resource Officer

Program Overview Information

The Idaho Criminal Justice Council selected three School Resource Officer (SRO) projects to be funded during this reporting period: Twin Falls County Sheriff's Office project, "P.O.S.S.E." (Parents, Officers, Safe School Environment), Hailey Police Department SRO project, and Gooding County Sheriff's Office SRO project

Total Byrne Funding \$75,133

Goals and Objectives of the Program

The goal of the program is to provide a law enforcement resource program for students, faculty and parents which will insure the safety of students and faculty on campus and decrease juvenile crime on campus.

The objectives include:

- Development of a program to provide a law enforcement resource within the school setting
- Implementation of law enforcement school resource program
- Reduction in juvenile crime on school campus

Program Activities/components

A Law Enforcement School Resource Officer program is based on the premise children are less likely to get involved in criminal activity if they understand and work with law enforcement agencies in a positive environment. The program assigns commissioned law enforcement officers to the schools to serve as resource persons, mentors, teachers, counselors, and peace officers. The program aims to develop positive relationships among police, students, parents, and school officials. Officers are responsible for establishing good relations with students and school officials along with using tactics designed to affect the local drug-abuse problem, including surveillance and field interviews with suspicious parties on or around school property. A visible law enforcement presence makes citizens, including concerned students, more willing to approach officers about suspicious activities.

Performance Measures/Indicators and Evaluation Methods

- Compilation of baseline data may include: tracking of occurrences of substance abuse, theft, vandalism, harassment, weapons violations, parking violations and fights on campus (compared to previous year(s)); tracking data regarding on and off campus involvement of students in violation of the law (if available); tracking truancy occurrences and comparing to previous year(s) (if applicable)
- Qualitative information regarding the impact of the presence of the SRO on campus.
- Qualitative communication between youth, law enforcement and school personnel.

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Program Accomplishments and Evaluation Results

The officer serves as a deterrent to criminal activity as well as a positive role model for young people with whom the officer interacts. The program makes police department resources more accessible to students and their families. The School Resource Officer is able to provide more integrated services to the high-risk youth in the community.

The Law Enforcement School Resource Officer program assigns commissioned law enforcement officers to the schools to serve as resource persons, mentors, teachers, counselors, and peace officers. The program aims to develop positive relationships among police, students, parents, and school officials. Officers are responsible for establishing good relations with students and school officials along with using tactics designed to affect the local drug-abuse problem, including surveillance and field interviews with suspicious parties on or around school property. A visible law enforcement presence compels law-abiding citizens, including concerned students, to be more willing to approach law enforcement officers about suspicious activities.

A need has been identified throughout Idaho for the presence of law enforcement in the schools. Students' personal safety on school grounds, in playgrounds, ball parks, parking lots and inside the buildings is of utmost concern. The schools are reaching out to the law enforcement community to provide safety and support for faculty so they can provide education to youths in a crime-free and drug-free environment.

Multi-Jurisdictional Task Force

Program Overview Information

Idaho has ten grant funded multijurisdictional task force projects: Garden City Police Department, Boundary County Sheriff's Office, Latah County Sheriff's Office, Madison County Prosecutor, Moscow Police Department, Post Falls Police Department, Salmon Police Department, Shoshone County Sheriff's Office, Bonner County Sheriff's Office, Nez Perce County Sheriff's Office.

Total Byrne Funding \$501,644

Goals and Objectives of the Program

The goal of the organized crime narcotics trafficking enforcement program is to enhance, through jointly controlled operations, the ability of state and local criminal justice agencies to remove specifically targeted major organized crime narcotics trafficking conspiracies and or offenders through investigation, arrest, prosecution, and conviction. The program will formally structure and jointly coordinate multijurisdictional activities, resources, and function of law enforcement and prosecution agencies in the successful investigation and prosecution of multijurisdictional crimes and their perpetrators.

Objectives designed to aid in the achievement of this goal include:

- Investigation, prosecution, and conviction of violators of Idaho narcotics laws.
- Reduction of fractional and duplicate investigations and prosecutions.
- Enhanced recovery of criminal assets (e.g. assets acquired with funds traceable to criminal activity, assets used in the commission of crime, and contraband and stolen property).
- Increased use of civil remedies.

Program Activities/Components

Cooperative programs involving two or more separate law enforcement entities which have different jurisdictional responsibilities, with formal agreements to work together as a team to enforce drug laws, usually with a focus on street, mid or high level traffickers. In most cases the prosecutor is clearly integrated with the operations of a Multijurisdictional Task Force.

Performance Measures and Evaluation Methods

Each Task Force is required to submit a quarterly Drug/Narcotics Project report developed by Planning, Grants, and Research. The reports include the following indicators:

- Adult and Juvenile Arrests
- Amount and type of material (guns, money, autos) seizures and forfeitures
- Drug/narcotics purchased by task force
- Drug/narcotics seized by task force
- Clandestine lab seizures

All multijurisdictional drug task force projects will be required to provide plans for evaluating their projects. Each project will indicate any further performance indicators that will be unique to their project. Performance indicators will be stated in measurable form (e.g. 10% increase in cases being processed).

The state evaluation staff will also evaluate performance by requiring each project to submit data gathering reports for each case initiated. A summary of task force activity is produced each year and distributed to each participant and BJA.

Program Accomplishments and Evaluation Results

Idaho has had up to fifty multijurisdictional task forces over the last thirteen years of federal funding. The multijurisdictional task force concept has enabled law enforcement agencies to draw on multi-regional resources to coordinate drug law enforcement activities which include investigating, arresting, and prosecuting both street level and upper level drug offenders. There are substantial differences in their objectives. The task force projects vary in geographical areas served, population, focus, and the number of assigned task force personnel.

Even though each task force is unique, increased communication among agencies and project personnel has been identified as a very positive outcome. Each project funded contains an evaluation component. Subgrantees are required to track and maintain certain program information in order to provide an indication of program performance. This information not only details program progress and performance, but also serves as a point of reference from which measurements may be made for continued program implementation, and which allows for comparison with similar program efforts in other jurisdictions.

Idaho's ten local grant funded drug task forces removed the following drugs during this reporting period: 11.15 pounds of marijuana; 70 marijuana plants; and 12 pounds of meth.

All projects are required to submit a quarterly progress evaluation and financial report, and an annual project report. Each task force is required to submit specified data on a quarterly basis. A copy of the Task Force Reporting form follows. The data collected from reporting has been used to produce the *Idaho Byrne Supported Task Forces - FY 01*, included in the Summary of Evaluation section of this document.

DRUG/GANG NARCOTICS PROJECT

QUARTERLY EVALUATION REPORT

Task Force Name _____

Today's Date _____ Grant Number _____

Prepared By _____ Telephone _____

Quarter (please check):

MARCH (1/1 TO 3/31) **JUNE** (4/1 TO 6/30) **SEPTEMBER** (7/1 TO 9/30) **DECEMBER** (10/1 TO 12/31) **FINAL**

Mail to: ISP/Planning, Grants, and Research Bureau, P.O. Box 700, Meridian, ID 83680-0700; by the 15th of the month following the close of the quarter.

ENTER INFORMATION FOR THIS REPORTING PERIOD (QUARTER) ONLY.

SECTION I. CASE INFORMATION

Cases initiated in this reporting period	Cases turned over to another agency(state, fed, etc.)	Cases Pending	Cases Closed	Cases you are assisting other agencies(other than Task Force agencies)

SECTION II. OFFENDER INFORMATION

Adults Arrested	Juveniles Arrested

SECTION III. GANG ARREST INFORMATION

Drug offenders arrested that are confirmed gang members	
ADULT	JUVENILE

GANG ACTIVITY INFORMATION

Number of confirmed gang events or crimes	Identified gang members	
	ADULT	JUVENILE

SECTION IV. PROPERTY INFORMATION

Property Seized			Property Forfeited		
ITEM	NUMBER	DOLLAR VALUE	NUMBER	DOLLAR VALUE	RETAINED FOR USE
Money/Currency (# of incidents)					
Vehicles					
Weapons					
House/Condo					
Other					

Comments:

QUARTERLY DRUG INFORMATION

NOTE: Use grams and/or units to indicate drug amounts. 1 oz = 28.35 grams 16 oz = 1 pound 1 Dose Unit = 1 pill, capsule, tablet, or stamp.

To Convert ounces to grams: Multiply the number of ounces times 28.35 and you will get the amount of grams.

SECTION V.		DRUG TOTALS			
DRUG	AMOUNT BOUGHT	PRICE PAID	AMOUNT SEIZED	UNITS SEIZED	STREET VALUE
OPIATES					
Heroin					
Other					
CANNABIS					
Marijuana					
Marijuana Plant					
HALLUCINOGENS					
LSD					
Mushrooms					
Other					
STIMULANTS					
Cocaine					
Crack					
Methamphetamine					
Amphetamine					
Other					
DEPRESSANTS					
Barbiturates					
Other					
Other					
PARAPHERNALIA					
Unknown Drugs					
Other					
Other					
TOTALS					

SECTION VI.	CLANDESTINE LAB INFORMATION
TOTAL NUMBER OF LABS:	

Comments:

Special Issues /LE Training

Program Overview Information

One project, Special Issues/Law Enforcement Training, is located at the Idaho State Police POST (Peace Officers Standards and Training) Academy in Meridian, Idaho with two regional offices in Pocatello and Coeur d'Alene.

Total Byrne Funding \$ 95,500

Goal and Objectives of the Program

To provide specialized training to the criminal justice community in the most cost-effective manner feasible.

The objectives necessary to complete the goal include:

- Provide POST certified training at no cost in focused areas that may include such classes as SRO, DARE, Drug Recognition Enforcement, etc.
- To sponsor advanced narcotics training.
- To sponsor high-tech computer classes.

Program Activities/Components

The POST project provides training relating to prevention, enforcement, prosecution, and incarceration. The project also emphasizes a coalition building effort between law enforcement agencies and community political and volunteer groups through education in community policing. The project coordinator researches for professional educators in the appropriate courses and curriculum. The coordinator also arranges for the hiring and contracting of these educators.

The training project provides specialized task force training for all grant funded project personnel as well as other non-grant funded personnel. This project has centralized the training received; when task force personnel have participated in this project, the outcome has been a unification of effort and standardization of subject matter. The training provided to the Criminal Justice Community directly supports the Anti-Drug Abuse and Violent Crime Act.

Performance Measures and Evaluation Methods

The following are indicators necessary for the project.

- Number of training hours provided and students attending.
- Number of advanced certifications received.
- Quantitative information from local agencies regarding training received.

The programmatic, fiscal, and evaluation staff of Idaho's State Police, Planning, Grants, and Research Bureau conduct regular site visits to monitor the progress of the Byrne formula subgrant projects. The staff looks very closely at project goals, objectives, and activities to verify and document the success of the projects.

All projects are required to submit a quarterly progress evaluation and financial report, plus an annual project report. The data collected for reporting, documentation, and monitoring may also be used for process and impact evaluation purposes. The statistical and anecdotal data will be compiled and analyzed across projects for use as the basis for modifying, strengthening and duplicating projects, as well as to provide a yearly update.

Program Accomplishments and Evaluation Results

During this reporting period, the training project has provided more than 88 hours of POST certified training for more than 62 Criminal Justice personnel.

The Drug Recognition Expert (DRE) certification training was able to graduate 26 more officers from across the state bringing the state wide total to 140. Officers currently serve in county sheriff offices, the Idaho State Police, and local police departments. They have completed thousands of individual drug evaluations since the program's inception. This training uses selected officers to utilize a standardized 12 step evaluation procedure that enables the officer to determine whether an individual is under the influence of drugs, and then to determine the type of drug causing the observable impairment. Importantly, DRE training enables the DRE to rule in (or out) many medical conditions, such as illness or injury, that may be contributing to the impairment. Although the primary focus of a DRE is driving under the influence (DUI) enforcement, the procedures have been applied to Health and Safety Code violations, probation, parole, drug usage in the workplace, and other areas where accurately identifying the drug-impaired individual is relevant. Drug Recognition Expert training is probably the most rigorous academic training that any law enforcement officer can undertake. Only selected experienced officers are allowed to enroll in the course. In order to attend DRE training, the candidate is typically nominated in writing by the officer's commanding officer. POST requires the candidate to submit a formal application form. The criteria for selection includes a demonstrated aptitude and interest in DUI enforcement and/or narcotics enforcement. Candidates must also have demonstrated an ability to conduct crime scene investigations, and to testify clearly and convincingly in court.

During the final year of grant funding this project has been able to take the DRE program to a new level by implementing on-line reporting, creating phone support for DRE officers, updating DRE reporting software and making the DRE program and its officers a cohesive unit.

In addition to the training provided, this project produces a quarterly newsletter for D.A.R.E. officers in the state and the DRE program newsletter. POST also produces a quarterly newsletter with grant-funded training schedules included to keep all officers aware of available training in the state. This project provides a valuable service to state and local criminal justice agencies throughout the State of Idaho, and would not be available without Byrne funding.

Community Policing

Program Overview Information

The one project funded under this purpose area is Idaho State University - Students on Patrol located in Pocatello, Idaho.

Total Byrne Funds \$16,699

Goals and Objectives of the Program

To increase interaction and cooperation between local police and the people and neighborhoods they serve, and to reduce and prevent crime and increase feelings of safety among residents.

Objectives needed to accomplish this goal include:

- Identify a team consisting of police and community members to oversee the program.
- Increase agency preparedness.
- Implement community policing and take a proactive stance in developing programs, which addresses the needs of the community or neighborhood.

Program Activities/Components

The main activity for this program is to integrate law enforcement and communities in projects with common goals. The program makes police department resources more accessible to the communities they serve. Furthermore, utilizing community resources enhances the police department's ability to respond to calls for service.

Some specific steps may be taken in establishing the program goals and activities including:

- Development of policy and procedures; establishment of a resource network ; and review the project goals and objectives for effectiveness.
- Development of a two-way dialog between police and the people of the community; facilitate the development of community self-help efforts and organizations to address community problems; emphasizing problem solving, not incident responding; facilitate the effective use of all available community resources through specific referrals and appropriate follow-up activities; minimize the use of cars as the only method or primary method of delivering police service to the community; and building mutual trust relationships with people, sharing information and developing ownership in problems and solutions.

Performance Measures and Evaluation Methods

The programmatic, fiscal and evaluation staff of Idaho State Police, Planning, Grants, and Research conduct regular site visits to monitor the progress of the Byrne formula subgrant projects. The staff looks very closely at project's goals, objectives and activities to verify and document the success of subgranted projects.

All projects are required to submit a quarterly progress evaluation and financial report, plus an annual project report. The data collected for reporting, documentation, and monitoring may also be used for process and impact evaluation purposes. The statistical and anecdotal data will be compiled and analyzed across projects for use as the basis for modifying, strengthening and duplicating projects, as well as to provide a yearly update on progress in implementing and assessing the program.

A few performance measures that may be used during evaluation include:

- Reduction in crime - base line comparison
- Documentation of program obstacles and solutions
- Evaluation of Community acceptance, involvement, and feelings of safety

Program Accomplishments and Evaluation Results

The project located at Idaho State University allows for the updating of technology in order to ensure the safety of the community utilizing the campus area. It includes the use of a radio communication system to allow the university to coordinate with all the students on patrol. Through this project, Idaho State University's campus safety has been able to broaden its program to a more proactive law enforcement agency. The agency has expanded its communication with surrounding areas and was able to implement several other community projects due to this interaction.

Drug Court

Program Overview Information

There are three projects funded under this purpose area: Kootenai County Drug Court, Ada County Drug Court and the Jefferson County Drug Court.

Total Byrne Funds \$326,583

Goals and Objectives of the Program

The goal of this program is to promote recovery through a coordinated response to offenders dependent on alcohol and other drugs.

Objectives needed to accomplish this goal include:

- Development of a cooperative team including judge, prosecutor, public defender, probation and parole, corrections, treatment providers, and law enforcement.
- Development of program guidelines to include eligibility criteria, sanctions, and successful completion procedures.
- Development of a database tracking system.
- Implementation of referral and monitoring process.
- Assessment and urinalysis testing of applicants.

Program Activities/Components

Drug courts promote recovery through a coordinated response to offenders dependent on alcohol and other drugs. Realization of goals requires a team approach, including cooperation and collaboration of the judges, prosecutors, defense counsel, probation authorities, other corrections personnel, law enforcement, pretrial services agencies, evaluators, an array of local service providers, and the greater community. State-level organizations representing law enforcement and criminal justice, vocational rehabilitation, education, and housing also have important roles to play. The combined energies of these individuals and organizations can assist and encourage defendants to accept help that could change their lives.

The criminal justice system has the unique ability to influence a person shortly after a significant triggering event such as arrest, and thus persuade or compel that person to enter and remain in treatment. Research indicates that a person coerced to enter treatment by the criminal justice system is likely to do as well as one who volunteers for the same treatment.

There are ten key components of a drug court as established by "Defining Drug Courts: The Key Components - Contents" The National Association of Drug Court Professionals Drug Court Standards Committee 1997. They are:

- Drug courts integrate alcohol and other drug treatment services with justice system case processing.
- Using a nonadversarial approach, prosecution and defense counsel promote public safety while protecting participants' due process rights.
- Eligible participants are identified early and promptly placed in the drug court program.
- Drug courts provide access to a continuum of alcohol, drug, and other related treatment and rehabilitation services.

- Abstinence is monitored by frequent alcohol and other drug testing.
- A coordinated strategy governs drug court responses to participants' compliance.
- Ongoing judicial interaction with each drug court participant is essential.
- Monitoring and evaluation measure the achievement of program goals and gauge effectiveness.
- Continuing interdisciplinary education promotes effective drug court planning, implementation, and operations.
- Forging partnerships among drug courts, public agencies, and community-based organizations generates local support and enhances drug court effectiveness.

Performance Measures and Evaluation Methods

The programmatic, fiscal and evaluation staff of Idaho State Police, Planning, Grants, and Research conduct regular site visits to monitor the progress of the Byrne formula subgrant projects. The staff looks very closely at project's goals, objectives and activities to verify and document the success of subgranted projects.

All projects are required to submit a quarterly progress evaluation and financial report, plus an annual project report. The data collected for reporting, documentation, and monitoring will also be used for process and impact evaluation purposes, and these data will be compiled and analyzed.

- Number of total clients screened for the program, entered into program, graduated from the program and terminated from the program
- Recidivism of current participants and charges
- Recidivism of graduates and charges
- Number of and percentage of males and females
- Percentage of male success vs. female success
- Number of and percentage of clients of ethnic backgrounds and percentage of each graduating
- Average age of client
- Where majority of referrals are coming from
- Referring offenses - DWI, possession, larceny, prostitution, etc.
- Number of participants who fail to appear at hearings and number of bench warrants issued
- Fines, fees, costs, and restitution paid by each client

Program Accomplishments and Evaluation Results

During this reporting period the Kootenai County Drug Court was able to solidify its program in the community and is an example for other drug courts around the state. The Byrne Evaluation Unit has concluded a process evaluation of the Kootenai County Drug Court. The report also covers current trends in the State of Idaho regarding drug courts and their expansion. A copy of the report has been included as a supplemental document.

The Ada County Drug Court was previously established in the community using Department of Justice, Drug Court Program funds. The drug court has had 329 participants enter the program with 110 graduating to date. Currently, their recidivism rate is around 10%.

The Jefferson County Drug Court encompasses adult drug court in cooperation with the Madison County Juvenile Drug Court along with offering adult misdemeanor DUI/Domestic Violence program. During this reporting period the program had a total of 75 adults enrolled in a cognitive self-change and intensive drug/alcohol rehabilitation. In conjunction with Madison County there are 26 adults participating in the drug court currently.

Juvenile Drug Court

Program Overview Information

There is one project funded under this purpose area: the Madison County Drug Court.

Total Byrne Funds \$67,408

Goals and Objectives of the Program

The goal of this program is to provide immediate intervention in the lives of children and parents using drugs or children exposed to substance addiction through family members. The court is structured through the ongoing, active oversight and involvement of the drug court judge.

Objectives of juvenile drug courts provide children with:

- An opportunity to be clean and sober
- Constructive support to aid them in resisting further criminal activity
- Support to perform well in school and develop positive relationships in the community
- Skills that will aid them in leading productive, substance-free, and crime-free lives.
- Development of a database tracking system
- Implementation of referral and monitoring process

Program Activities/Components

Juvenile drug courts require special strategies to deal with the specific needs of juveniles who are still developing cognitive, social and emotional skills, and living within a social structure in which they are required to abide by laws specific to them. Also, they abuse substances for different reasons than adults and an effective court must treat them and the family. Enhancements made by a juvenile drug court versus a traditional court process include:

- Immediate intervention by the court and continuous supervision of the progress of the juvenile and family by the judge.
- Development of a treatment program, counseling and social services that address the family's needs.
- Immediate response by the court to the needs of the child and family to noncompliance by either the child or the family with the court's conditions.
- Judicial leadership to bring together the schools, treatment resources, public health services, social services, and other community agencies.

Performance Measures and Evaluation Methods

The programmatic, fiscal and evaluation staff of Idaho State Police, Planning, Grants, and Research conduct regular site visits to monitor the progress of the Byrne formula subgrant projects. The staff looks very closely at project's goals, objectives and activities to verify and document the success of subgranted projects.

All projects are required to submit a quarterly progress evaluation and financial report, plus an annual project report. The data collected for reporting, documentation, and monitoring will also be used for process and impact evaluation purposes, and these data will be compiled and analyzed.

- Number of total clients screened for the program; entered into program; graduating the program; terminated from the program
- Recidivism of current participants and charges
- Recidivism of graduates and charges
- Number of and percentage of clients of ethnic backgrounds and percentage of each graduating
- Average age of client
- Where majority of referrals are coming from
- Referring offenses
- Fines, fees, costs, and restitution paid by family

Program Accomplishments and Evaluation Results

The Madison County Juvenile Drug Court/ Jefferson County Drug Court encompasses adult drug court in cooperation with the Jefferson County Drug Court along with offering a juvenile misdemeanor drug court program. In conjunction with Jefferson County there are 26 adults participating in the drug court currently. A juvenile drug court policy manual has been completed and is under review.

Gang and Drug Enforcement

Number of Projects/sites

Four Gang and Drug Enforcement projects were operational during the reporting period: Franklin County Sheriff's Office (Gang & Drug Enforcement Task Force), Chubbuck Police Department (Southeast Idaho Gang Intervention), Nampa Police Department (Gang Violence Reduction), and Weiser Police Department (Drug Education/Enforcement)

Total Byrne Funding \$151,116.75

Goals and Objectives of the Program

The goal of the program is to develop and implement a comprehensive Gang and Drug Unit/Task Force to institute activities that will significantly reduce gang and narcotic related crime.

Objectives include:

- Formation of a Gang and Drug Unit/Task Force to address the comprehensive approach to gang and drug related activities in communities.
- Implementation of Gang and Drug Unit/Task Force.
- Create a database of intelligence information, that adheres to CFR 23 guidelines, on gangs, identify and document gang members and organized gangs.
- Reduce criminal gang activity.

Program Activities/Components

Gang and Drug Enforcement Unit/Task Forces are created to institute activities that will significantly reduce gang and narcotics criminal activities in local communities. A Gang and Drug Unit/Task Force will implement a comprehensive plan to patrol neighborhoods; track, document and disseminate information throughout neighboring law enforcement communities; and provide training on gang awareness to the schools, civic groups, law enforcement and the general public.

- Convene local criminal justice practitioners, youth service providers, school officials, teachers, community and civic group leaders, business owners, and local church groups to develop a comprehensive program to reduce criminal gang activities.
- Law enforcement staff training will include, but is not limited to, the following: gang awareness and identification, gang dynamics, creative gang prevention, community mobilization, basic narcotics investigations, and advanced narcotics investigation.
- Distribute information to surrounding criminal justice agencies by creating a database of information; increase awareness among criminal justice professionals, school officials, teachers, students, and the general public regarding gang and narcotics related activities; purchase necessary equipment for covert surveillance, enforcement and intelligence data collection.

- Apprehend and prosecute criminal offenders; analyze and utilize intelligence information collected to create innovative approaches to reduce criminal gang activity; educate both law enforcement and local citizens on gang awareness; incorporate into the school system a Gang and Narcotics awareness program to help youth understand the destructive repercussions of being involved with gangs and narcotics.

Performance Measures and Evaluation Methods

During implementation of the program described, participating agencies will be required to track and maintain certain program information in order to provide some indication of program performance. Each funded project will have specific indicators unique to its project. While basic in nature, this information will not only provide an indication of program progress and performance, but will serve as a benchmark for continued program implementation and allow for comparison with similar program efforts in other jurisdictions.

The programmatic, fiscal and evaluation staff of Idaho State Police, Planning, Grants, and Research conduct regular on-site visits to monitor the progress of the Byrne formula subgrant projects. The staff looks very closely at project goals, objectives and activities to verify and document the success of subgrant projects and obstacles encountered.

All projects are required to submit a quarterly progress evaluation and financial report, and an annual project report. The data collected for reporting, documentation, and monitoring may also be used for process and impact evaluation purposes. The statistical and anecdotal data will be compiled and analyzed across projects for use as the basis for modifying, strengthening and replicating projects. Data collected has been analyzed and included in the *Byrne Supported Task Forces - FY 01*, which is included in the Summary of Evaluation Activities appendix.

Performance Measures can include:

- Number of arrests
- Amount and type of narcotics seized/purchased
- Documentation of innovative approaches
- Track numbers of criminal organizations, active gang members, and confirmed gang-related crimes
- Number and type of arrests by confirmed gang members
- Number of pertinent incidents of gang related graffiti
- Sharing of general gang information with surrounding criminal justice agencies
- Gang education and prevention programs at schools and to the public
- Measure of community involvement and youth involvement in programs through surveys and interviews

Program Accomplishments and Evaluation Results

In Southeast Idaho, the Chubbuck Police Department's Gang Intervention project has restructured itself during the final year of operation. This year the project was able to provide activities for high risk youth. This reporting period a summer program was offered to 43 at-risk-youth to help build team work skills, a sense of achievement, confidence and accomplishment.

The Franklin County Sheriff's Office Drug and Gang Task Force was able to join several other local task forces already in operation in the same county and surrounding counties. Due to the communication that was established and the intelligence gained, they have been able to make arrests and identify local area drug networks. The agency also conducted presentations to the community regarding gang activity in the area.

The Nampa Police Department's Gang Violence Reduction Program has been extremely active. The project allows for a Gang Specialist to go out into the community and combine efforts with DARE and SRO officers. To date, over 100 gang related education courses have been taught to over 2000 students. A total of 98 parents have been contacted by DARE and SRO officers in connection with gang activity. The project has purchased a database system which allows them to track not only gangs and gang members, but affiliations, marks, and numerous other valuable data. During the past reporting period, 9 gangs and 311 gang members have been identified.

During its first year of operation the Weiser Police Department has had an enormous impact on the community. The project has been able to make 11 arrests, seize methamphetamine and marijuana, and shut down a clan lab. The project has also been able to make presentations to the local community regarding drug awareness. However, the most outstanding statistic is the after-school program incorporated into the project. They have developed a community wide effort to offer free after school and summer time programs for local children. Currently they have nearly 60 children a day during the summer months. Through community involvement they have been able to offer free activities, lunches and snacks, educational programs, and group outings.

Juvenile Domestic Violence Unit

Program Overview Information

There is one (1) project funded under this purpose area: Ada County Juvenile Court Services, Domestic Violence Unit.

Total Byrne Funds \$129,010

Goals and Objectives of the Program

The goal of this program is to develop and implement a Domestic Violence Unit (DVU) at the Juvenile Court level to effectively assess, intervene in, and provide appropriate services to juvenile offenders who are also victims of domestic violence.

Objectives for the program include:

- To develop referral criteria for youthful offenders, who are also victims, to receive assessments and intervention/prevention plans through the DVU.
- Provide personnel to coordinate and provide assessments of youths that meet the criteria.
- Develop a team which may make recommendations to the court regarding: a juvenile's potential for further violence in the community, appropriate accountability measures, a prevention/intervention plan for his/her own victimization, placement back into the home, compliance with court orders, electronic monitoring, etc.
- Provide personnel for case management and coordinate services for intervention/prevention plans
- Recruit and train specialized short-term foster care families for offenders.

Program Activities/Components

This program allows for the development of a Domestic Violence Unit at the Juvenile Court Services level. The unit would be responsible for the development of prevention and intervention plans that will allow the court to operate efficiently and effectively in holding youths accountable and breaking the cycle of violence that occurs in families. The unit will heighten the court's awareness of the problem, provide assessments of youths referred to the unit, develop specialized short-term foster care and provide case management.

Performance Measures and Evaluation Methods

The programmatic, fiscal and evaluation staff of Idaho's State Police, Planning, Grants, and Research conduct regular site visits to monitor the progress of the Byrne formula subgrant projects. The staff looks very closely at project's goals, objectives and activities to verify and document the success of subgranted projects.

All projects are required to submit a quarterly progress evaluation and financial report, plus an annual project report. The data collected for reporting, documentation, and monitoring may also be used for process and impact evaluation purposes. Statistical and anecdotal data from the project will be compiled and analyzed.

- Referral criteria finalized
- Case plans developed for juveniles within the unit
- Provide case management services
- Foster care families trained and in place

- Statistical data such as: number of juveniles who participate, number referred more than once, number of status offenses who would have otherwise been placed in secure detention, number returned to their homes, and number continued in foster care.

Program Accomplishments and Evaluation Results

This program was able to effectively assess, intervene in, and provide appropriate services to 42 youths who are juvenile offenders, but have also been victims of domestic violence. When an intervention plan is developed, the projects provide specific, measurable goals and objectives for treatment. Part of the plan lists who is to be responsible for the coordination of services, treatment, and follow-up on the client and the client's family compliance. Foster care services have also been made available if necessary. The program has also recruited eight specialized foster care families who receive training in order to better understand the specific needs of the juveniles in the program. The program has also been able to give presentations at several conferences in the area including to Boise State University, as well as presenting to the Idaho Criminal Justice Council as part of a special requirement.

Juvenile Detention Reform

Program Overview Information

There is one (1) project funded under this purpose area: Ada County Juvenile Court Services, Detention Reform

Total Byrne Funds \$129,028

Goals and Objectives of the Program

The goal of this program is to begin the process of juvenile detention reform in Idaho counties and to develop and implement community-based alternatives to secure juvenile detention.

Objectives for the program include:

- To reduce the number of alleged delinquents who fail to appear in court or commit a new offense
- To use limited juvenile justice resources in a more efficient manner by developing alternatives to secure confinement
- To improve conditions and alleviate overcrowding in Idaho's secure juvenile detention facilities.

Program Activities/Components

To demonstrate jurisdictions can establish more effective and efficient systems to accomplish the purposes of juvenile detention. To eliminate the inappropriate or unnecessary use of secure detention; to minimize failures to appear and the incidence of delinquent behavior; to redirect public finances from building new facility capacity to responsible alternative strategies; and to improve conditions in secure detention facilities.

Performance Measures and Evaluation Methods

The programmatic, fiscal and evaluation staff of Idaho's State Police, Planning, Grants, and Research conduct regular site visits to monitor the progress of the Byrne formula subgrant projects. The staff looks very closely at project's goals, objectives and activities to verify and document the success of subgranted projects.

All projects are required to submit a quarterly progress evaluation and financial report, plus an annual project report. The data collected for reporting, documentation, and monitoring may also be used for process and impact evaluation purposes. Statistical and anecdotal data from the project will be compiled and analyzed.

- The approval and use of a detention risk assessment for placement decisions
- The number of youths released from detention into alternative detention resources
- Identification of case processing delays and recommendations for and implementation of procedures to address delays resulting in diverting or less lengthy stays in detention for inappropriate youth
- Reduction in the current failure to appear rate and the new crime commission rate of alleged delinquents who are awaiting completion of case processing pre and post assessment instrument
- Collection of statistical data to evaluate reduction in re-offenses
- Increase in number of youths placed into community based alternative programs

Program Accomplishments and Evaluation Results

During its first reporting period this project has done an incredible job of moving towards completion of its goals and objectives. The project has developed a risk assessment tool and conducted a case flow analysis. Since the inception of the project there has been a 21% decrease in the length of stay for juvenile offenders. Most incredible however is that since the inception of the project there has been a 20% decrease in the daily population of the detention center.

Public Correctional Resources

Number of Projects/sites

Idaho has funded eight (08) projects under this program area. Projects with local agencies include: Third District Court, Idaho Migrant Council; Bannock County 6th District Court, SHARE; and Twin Falls County Juvenile Probation, Snake River Youth Center. There are five projects with Idaho Department of Correction including: Substance Abuse Program Audit Services, Program Manager, RDU Assessment, Substance Abuse Counseling, and Drug Court Probation Officer.

Total Byrne Funding \$554,311.99

Goals and Objectives of the Program

To fund corrections improvement programs which provide additional resources or options within correctional settings, including programs for inmates, probation/parole, juveniles and/or persons outside the prison/jail industries.

Objectives for the program include:

- Provide more appropriate intervention for youthful offenders who are not career criminals, but who, without intervention, are likely to become career criminals or serious offenders.
- Provide the degree of security and discipline appropriate for the offender involved.
- Provide diagnosis, treatment, and services that will enable the offender to pursue a course of lawful and productive conduct after release from legal restraint.
- Reduce criminal recidivism by offenders who receive alternative sanctions, thereby reducing the cost of correctional services and facilities.

Program Activities/Components

These programs seek to establish a continuum of substance abuse programs and services designed to break the cycle of substance abuse and crime. Most projects work with other agencies and community service organizations to achieve program goals and reduce substance abuse. Even though program activities may vary, many include intensive substance abuse treatment, relapse prevention, pre-release programs, and aftercare services.

Performance Measures and Evaluation Methods

During implementation of the program described, participating agencies are required to track and maintain the identified indicators in order to provide documentation of program performance. Each funded project will have specific indicators unique to its project. While basic in nature, this information will not only provide an indication of program progress and performance, but will serve as a benchmark for continued program implementation and will allow for comparison with similar program efforts in other jurisdictions.

All projects are required to submit a quarterly progress evaluation and financial reports, and an annual project report. The data collected for reporting, documentation, and monitoring may also be used for process and impact evaluation purposes. The statistical and anecdotal data will be compiled and analyzed across projects for use as the basis for modifying, strengthening and replicating projects.

The programmatic, fiscal and evaluation staff of the Idaho State Police, Planning, Grants, and Research section conduct regular site visits to monitor the progress of the Byrne formula subgrant projects. The staff looks very closely at project goals, objectives and activities to verify and document the success of projects.

Program Accomplishments and Evaluation Results

The Idaho Migrant Council project addresses treatment and prevention services for Hispanic persons who are involved in the use and abuse of drugs and alcohol and provides early intervention for high-risk youth and their families. During this reporting period the agency has received over 539 referrals, 418 of which are currently enrolled in education or relapse prevention services. The program has also completed 72 domestic battery evaluations and has had over 100 clients enrolled in "Men who Batter". The project has expanded community awareness through contacts in the Hispanic business community, schools, and with adult and juvenile justice authorities. This project has met the stated goals and objectives of increasing the number of referrals and assessments.

The Twin Falls County Snake River Youth Center is a residential facility with a juvenile court, probation office, alternative school, and long-term treatment facility for juvenile offenders deemed "at-risk" for alcohol and substance abuse. They provide a comprehensive drug-alcohol residential program for juveniles who are drug dependent, alcohol dependent, or suffer from multiple addictions. The program has assessed and provided treatment to over 44 juveniles.

Bannock County addresses the intense outpatient treatment needs of inmates at the Bannock County Jail. During this reporting period, 130 people received outpatient treatment services from the project. Of those 130 clients, 1 has reoffended in Bannock county within a three-month period. The project also offers aftercare services and strives to accommodate inmates on work-release. The project also works in conjunction with the Pocatello Women's Prison to offer outpatient treatment services women awaiting treatment beds.

The goal of the Program Manger project is to provide a person to monitor, direct, coordinate, and supervise programs including the program staff and the therapeutic community contract at the Idaho Correctional Institute in Orofino. The project is designed to manage effective programs that address substance abuse and criminogenic needs and maximize the ability to prepare inmates for their earliest release. The program manager was able to increase the number of available treatment beds from 39 to 51 during the reporting period and monitored the completion of over 30 programs.

The Idaho Department of Correction Audit Services project strives to assure program continuity and integrity through regular audits to evaluate compliance with standards in each area of correctional programming. During its second reporting period, the program was able to establish a strategic plan for stakeholders for the target programs. The project also scheduled audit services at locations across the state and is having audits conducted by an outside source. It is the project's primary intent to ensure services delivered to offenders are of the highest quality and achieve effectiveness.

The goal of the Substance Abuse Counseling project for the Department of Corrections, is to contract with qualified substance abuse counselors to deliver core treatment programs to all felony offenders in the community supervision milieu. This provides the offender with the education and tools necessary to lead a sober and noncriminal life-style, while reducing the number of violations and new crimes committed by offenders. During the reporting period the project has been able to deliver core programs to offenders and establish collaborative efforts with contract services. During the reporting period there were an average of 109 classes per month.

The goal of the RDU Assessment project is to implement a complete risk and need assessment for women at the Pocatello Women's Correctional Center. The project hopes to eliminate potential weaknesses in subjective instruments and a previously poor testing environment by producing easily understandable and usable information and creating unified files for routine reviews. Most importantly the project makes recommendations based on offenders needs instead of programs available at a particular facility.

The Department of Correction Drug Court Probation officer allows the department to assign a felony probation officer in each judicial district to a drug court. This project specifically allows for a probation officer in Judicial District Seven. During it's first reporting period the officer has been able to assist with 44 drug court participants exceeding the goals and objectives of the grant. The officer attends all weekly court staffing sessions, court sessions, and has weekly contact with all drug court participants.

Victim and Witness Services

Program Overview Information

One (1) project at Lemhi County Prosecutor's Office provided victims and witnesses information and notification regarding criminal justice proceedings and procedures.

Total Byrne Funding \$37,223

Goals and Objectives of the Program

To provide services to benefit victims and witnesses, and to increase conviction rates with the cooperation of victims and witnesses in the criminal justice system.

- Development of a program to provide victim and witness services.
- Increase quality and strength of victim/witness testimony, thereby increasing conviction rates.
- Implementation of victim and witness services.

Program Activities/Components

This program will provide increased court-related services, court information, referrals, and the coordination of public and private efforts to assist crime victims and witnesses. The services include, but are not limited to, the following: client needs, evaluation, support, and education on court proceedings, notification of court dates, and referral of clients to available community services.

Performance Measures and Evaluation Methods

During implementation of the program described, participating agencies will be required to track and maintain certain program information in order to provide some indication of program performance. Each funded project will have specific indicators unique to its project. While basic in nature, this information will not only provide an indication of program progress and performance, but may also serve as a benchmark for continued program implementation and will allow for comparison with similar program efforts in other jurisdictions. The following indicators will be reviewed for process evaluation of this project.

Performance measures include:

- Track victim/witness contacts
- Track conviction rates
- Track demographics which may include such things as sex, age, race, etc.

Program Accomplishments and Evaluation Results

The premise of this project is to develop and implement a program which will provide assistance to witnesses and victims of crime, improve the response to domestic and family violence, and improve the prosecution of DUI charges. During the reporting period the project had 218 contacts with over 75 victims. The project has also had 19 DUI convictions. They have conducted presentations to children in the local school district reaching 450 kids. They have also conducted training around the county to law enforcement and citizens.

Crime Analysis

Program Overview Information

One project, Crime Analysis Unit, is located at the Ada County Sheriff's Office.

Total Byrne Funding \$49,860

Goals and Objectives of the Program

The goal of this program is to increase efficiency in preventive patrols; increase arrest rates and solution rates of Uniform Crime Report part one crimes, especially burglary, felony theft and drug crimes; and to establish a centralized unit to analyze information within an agency.

Objectives for the program include:

- To provide current information that not only reports what crimes (especially property and drug) are occurring but what geographic, criminal characteristics (m.o.), and other trends exist as well as what known offenders and outstanding arrest warrants exist in patrol areas.
- To identify, forecast and report related crimes by similarities or trends, types of crime, and geographic or spatial similarities, type and time of year, day of week, and time of day patterns.
- To identify and report related crimes by similar crime characteristics including point of entry, targeted property, tools or weapons, and identifiable opportunities for crime.
- To share this information for the best advantage against crime including patrol, detectives, gang deputies, other law enforcement, school administrators, city administrators, probation and parole officers, and all other agencies who share the desire to impact crime and the fear of crime in the communities of Idaho.

Program Activities/Components

This program allows for law enforcement agencies within the state of Idaho to generate and use data in coordination with offender information, field interview card input, and arrest information to not only generate historical data but also forecast possible problem areas and make informed decisions on the best use of resources.

Performance Measures and Evaluation Methods

During implementation of the program described, participating agencies are required to track and maintain certain program information in order to provide some indication of program performance. Each funded project will have specific indicators unique to its project. While basic in nature, this information will not only provide an indication of program progress and performance, but may also serve as a benchmark for continued program implementation and will allow for comparison with similar program efforts in other jurisdictions.

Performance indicators include:

- An ability to direct patrols and field contacts to specific areas and to recognize specific suspect and crime characteristics with specific purpose in reducing identifiable crime trends.
- An increase in the number of arrests for felony property crimes, especially burglary and felony theft.
- An increase in the Uniform Crime Report solution rate for burglary and felony theft crimes.

- Crime clearances that are directly attributable to being identified and linked through crime analysis that otherwise would have gone unnoticed as being connected to an arrested suspect and therefore not cleared.

The programmatic, fiscal, and evaluation staff of Idaho's State Police, Planning, Grants, and Research department conduct regular site visits to monitor the progress of the Byrne formula subgrant projects. The staff looks very closely at project goals, objectives, and activities to verify and document the success of the projects.

Program Accomplishments and Evaluation Results

The Ada County Crime Analysis Unit was able to identify and utilize the most modern crime analysis/crime mapping software and integrate it with the current records management systems. They have been able to communicate with patrol teams and detectives on a daily basis through briefings and one-on-one contact and have established a weekly newsletter to keep each team informed about events that occur on other shifts. Special projects completed by the unit include an analysis of the directed versus non-directed patrol time of specialized traffic enforcement patrol deputies and location and times of vehicle burglaries in the county. They have also begun a searchable database of items stolen in construction sites. Most importantly, they have a database of "Aware Alarms", which are placed into the homes of domestic violence victims that are at risk of continued violence. Also, the unit has begun the process of integrating other local agencies data into its crime mapping software to allow for a better picture of crime trends.

DUI Prosecution Enhancement

Program Overview Information

The Idaho Criminal Justice Council selected one DUI Prosecution Enhancement project to be funded during this reporting period: Bingham County Sheriff's Office, DUI Enforcement Officer.

Total Byrne Funding \$32,549

Goals and Objectives of the Program

To improve the law enforcement's ability to locate and accurately test drunk drivers/alcohol related cases, increasing prosecution convictions.

Objectives required to achieve the goal include:

- Achieve more consistent convictions and sentences through stronger evidence.
- Enhance prosecution and conviction through creditable expert testimony.
- To identify and report related crimes by similar crime characteristics including point of entry, targeted property, tools or weapons, and identifiable opportunities for crime.
- To share this information for the best advantage against crime with patrol, detectives, deputies, and others who share the desire to impact crime in the communities of Idaho.

Program Activities/Components

This program will enhance prosecution of DUI cases and other violations relating to alcohol use. The program will provide the latest technology in alcohol/breath analysis and law enforcement training. This program will achieve more consistent convictions and sentences through stronger evidence, and provide consistency with law enforcement handling of DUI cases.

Performance Measures and Evaluation Methods

During implementation of the program described, participating agencies are required to track and maintain certain program information in order to provide some indication of program performance. Each funded project will have specific indicators unique to its project. While basic in nature, this information will not only provide an indication of program progress and performance, but will also serve as a benchmark for continued program implementation and will allow for comparison with similar program efforts in other jurisdictions.

- Number of officers receiving training
- Number of training hours received
- Number of specialized certificates
- Number of DUI arrests
- Number of DUI convictions

Program Accomplishments and Evaluation Results

The Bingham County Sheriff's Office project has been very active during its second year in operation. Eight saturation patrols were conducted during the reporting period. The DUI office was able to make 58 DUI arrests. One arrest was for procurement for a minor. The project also did five presentations during the reporting period, one of which reached 175 high school seniors. The project has also developed a public evaluation form to gather feedback from citizens.

Innovative Programs

Program Overview Information

Idaho has funded one project under this program area: the Attorney General's Office Complex Crimes Unit

Total Byrne Funding \$165,318

Goals and Objectives of the Program

The goal of this project is to provide enhanced resources in diverse projects that seek to broaden the scope of the Criminal Justice Community by developing innovative approaches to regional or statewide issues.

The objectives established by the projects are:

- To secure convictions against individuals who are engaged in white collar crime, public corruption, and illegal drug labs.
- To train local law enforcement in investigation of white collar crimes and clandestine drug labs.
- To provide a mechanism for prosecution of conflict interest cases.
- To handle cases professionally, expeditiously, and fairly.
- Improve communication between law enforcement agencies.
- To increase early intervention/prevention opportunities.

Program Activities/Components

The projects provide experienced agencies with: authority to prosecute on a statewide basis with investigations handled by a team of experienced investigators currently assigned to various local law enforcement agencies; implement and develop early intervention action teams into elementary schools; and implement communication systems to enhance officer safety and arrest rates.

Performance Measures and Evaluation Methods

During implementation of the program described, participating agencies are required to track and maintain certain program information in order to provide some indication of program performance. Each funded project will have specific indicators unique to its project. While basic in nature, this information will not only provide an indication of program progress and performance, but will also serve as a benchmark for continued program implementation and will allow for comparison with similar program efforts in other jurisdictions.

Performance measures include:

- Number of cases/convictions
- Number of cases screened and investigated
- Parity among the various districts in assessing penalties for these crimes
- Increase in arrest and warrant rate
- Number of early intervention teams implemented

Program Accomplishments and Evaluation Results

Over this reporting period, the Investigation and Prosecution Team Unit has investigated over 50 cases in Idaho. Most of these counties have incurred no expense for the cases. A majority of the cases investigated and filed resulted in guilty pleas, with restitution uniformly ordered. Referrals from local prosecutors cite this Unit's technical expertise and its fiscal resources as the reasons for referring cases to the Unit. These prosecutors indicate that cases of greater complexity would otherwise go unprosecuted because of the lack of time and experience they have in dealing with these types of cases. The unit has assisted with many different types of cases including murder, rape, theft, insurance and securities fraud, and racketeering, and it has also prosecuted high-ranking members of both major political parties.

Information Systems

Program Overview Information

Idaho has funded two projects under this program area: the Chubbuck Police Departments Crime Control and Prevention through Information Sharing and Fremont County Sheriff's Office, Multijurisdictional Drug Task Force Communications Systems.

Total Byrne Funding \$94,455

Goals and Objectives of the Program

The goal of this project is to implement effective and secure communications for law enforcement officers.

The objectives established by the projects are:

- Enable agencies to communicate effectively
- Ensure the safety of law enforcement officers by having secure radio communications
- Share pertinent record information

Program Activities/Components

To implement technology systems to enhance effective communication to increase officers safety by providing secure radio communications. To increase information sharing by allowing multiple counties to access the same record system.

Performance Measures and Evaluation Methods

During implementation of the program described, participating agencies are required to track and maintain certain program information in order to provide some indication of program performance. Each funded project will have specific indicators unique to its project. While basic in nature, this information will not only provide an indication of program progress and performance, but will also serve as a benchmark for continued program implementation and will allow for comparison with similar program efforts in other jurisdictions.

Performance measures include:

- Records monitored by System Administrators for accuracy
- Quantity of data shared by multiple-agencies
- Quantitative information on increased cooperation, increased safety, and situations resolved as a direct result of open communication.

Program Accomplishments and Evaluation Results

Over this reporting period, Chubbuck Police Department was able to implement an information module that allowed data to be stored on Licenses, Permits, Premises Inspections, and Premises Information. They trained key personnel and established data criteria. They currently have entered over 3500 current and historical records which are also available to the surrounding agencies.

The Fremont County Sheriff's Office was able to implement a secure communications network for Task Force Officers. This allows officers free communication while issuing a warrant, conducting a raid or routine investigation. Four local police departments and two additional counties are now able to communicate on the same system securely.

Forensic Lab Enhancements

Program Overview Information

Idaho has funded one project under this program area: the Idaho State Police.

Total Byrne Funding \$63,307

Goals and Objectives of the Program

The goal of this project is to provide crime laboratory services to support the prosecution of violent and predatory criminals and dismantle criminal drug networks.

The objectives established by the projects are:

- Maintain minimal lab turnaround time
- Provide quality training to local and state personnel in forensic equipment that may include such instruments as the Intoxilyzer 5000EN.

Program Activities/Components

This program will aid in the reduction of turnaround of time for crime scene and clandestine lab related scenes. It will allow forensic scientists to gather and process evidence while giving them the ability to troubleshoot problems, and support local efforts with expert testimony.

Performance Measures and Evaluation Methods

During implementation of the program described, participating agencies are required to track and maintain certain program information in order to provide some indication of program performance. Each funded project will have specific indicators unique to its project. While basic in nature, this information will not only provide an indication of program progress and performance, but will also serve as a benchmark for continued program implementation and will allow for comparison with similar program efforts in other jurisdictions.

Performance measures include:

- Number of personnel trained in newest technology
- Number of clandestine lab investigations
- Number of crime scene investigations

Program Accomplishments and Evaluation Results

Over this reporting period, the Idaho State Police Forensic Laboratory was able to respond to an additional 58 clandestine labs and 70 crime scenes. They trained over 100 officers on the use of the Intoxilyzer 5000 and made new machines available on loan to local agencies. Also, the laboratory has been able to make the required 30 day turn-over-time of evidence 90% of the time.

Evaluation

Program Overview Information

Two (2) projects were funded under this program area: Department of Corrections, Research Team and the Idaho State Police, Byrne Evaluation Unit

Total Byrne Funding \$89,800.87

Goals and Objectives of the Program

To provide useful, methodologically sound evaluation documentation to a variety of stakeholders for use in making program decisions and enhancements.

Objectives for the project include:

- Identify evaluation needs.
- Use sound methods to design, conduct, and document an evaluation.
- Disseminate evaluation results to a wide range of stakeholders.

Program Activities/Components

The purpose of evaluation is to assess how well projects have been implemented, to determine the extent to which activities have achieved goals, to assess the success/impact of the program, and to report the prospects of replicating the project.

Performance Measures and Evaluation Methods

During implementation of the program described, participating agencies will be required to track and maintain certain program information in order to provide some indication of program performance. Each funded project will have specific indicators unique to its project. While basic in nature, this information will not only provide an indication of program progress and performance, but will also serve as a benchmark for continued program implementation and will allow for comparison with similar program efforts in other jurisdictions.

Performance indicators include:

- Number of completed process or outcome evaluations disseminated to stakeholders
- Qualitative information regarding impact of evaluations on project

Program Accomplishments and Evaluation Results

The Department of Correction has established a research team comprised of three members. During the reporting period the team has reviewed all reporting processes for programs they may be evaluating in the future to insure good data sets. They have conducted outcome studies of the residential substance abuse treatment programs offered through the department. Currently, results of the outcome studies are distributed to stakeholders throughout the state including the Governor's Office and the state Legislature.

Criminal History Records Improvement

Number of Projects/Sites

One project has been funded to utilize the five percent set aside: Idaho State Police, Bureau of Criminal Identification (BCI).

Total Byrne Funding \$158,918.40

Goals and Objectives

The goal of the project's improvement plan is the removal of obstacles to accurate, complete, and timely criminal history records.

Objectives of the project include:

- Increase the quality and timeliness of arrest information and fingerprint impressions submitted to the State's central repository.
- Increase interagency cooperation and compliance with policies and procedures relating to the criminal justice record repository.
- Increase the quality and timeliness of arrest disposition information.
- Increase data accuracy, completeness, and timeliness by implementing a well designed, fully functional computerized criminal history records system.
- Develop and maintain a records system that is compatible and integrated with the emerging national criminal justice information environment.

Program Activities/Components

- Support and expand remote printing of arrest fingerprint cards transmitted from local livescan booking systems to the central repository.
- Assist local agencies in procuring livescan systems to improve the quality and timeliness of arrest information reported to the central repository.
- Assist local agencies in linking livescan systems with local jail management systems and with the central repository.
- Support a livescan users group.
- Implement a data quality assessment program that will review records held by the central repository and the source records and reporting practices of local agencies.
- Continue support of the ILETS Users conference.
- Implement a plan for establishing an electronic link with the Department of Correction offender information system.
- Support court research of missing dispositions.
- Study prosecutor automation and information system integration.
- Enhance programming support of the Records Management System (RMS).
- Upgrade the communication protocol drivers for the upgrade RMS and for Idaho Law Enforcement Telecommunications System (ILETS) switcher software
- Initiate planning activities relating to state participation in the national initiative encouraging the integration of justice information systems.

Program Accomplishments and Evaluation Results

In June of 2002, the Bureau of Criminal Identification submitted the Idaho Criminal Justice Records Improvement (CJRI) Plan for FY 2003. The CJRI Plan is a comprehensive document, which provides an update on goals, objectives, initiatives, and obstacles encountered. Additional copies are available upon request. During the reporting period, BCI was able to gain legislative enactment of a new criminal history records statute, which clarified and strengthened procedures for reporting arrest and disposition information to the central repository and implemented a data quality assessment program. BCI has also completed the necessary requirements to fulfil the Campus Sex Crimes requirement and is waiting for review by BJA.

GENERAL SUMMARY OF SAA REPORTING, MONITORING AND EVALUATION METHODS FOR ALL PROJECTS

The programmatic, fiscal and evaluation staff of Idaho State Police, Planning, Grants and Research conduct regular site visits to monitor the progress of the Byrne formula subgrant projects. The staff looks very closely at project goals, objectives and activities to verify and document the success of subgranted projects.

All projects are required to submit a quarterly progress evaluation and financial report, plus an annual project report. The data collected for reporting, documentation, and monitoring may also be used for process and impact evaluation purposes. The statistical and anecdotal data will be compiled and analyzed across projects for use as the basis for modifying, strengthening and replicating projects, as well as to provide a yearly update on progress in implementing and assessing the program.

Supplemental Information and Documentation
